# AMERICAN HISTORY UNIT 2 LECTURE 7

Overview of the Constitution

### 8 Parts of the Constitution

Preamble -	<ul> <li>States purpos</li> </ul>	se of Consti	itution
Articles 1 ·	– Describes		
Article 2 –	Describes	Section 18 18	
Article 3 –	Describes		
Article 4 –	Explains		
Article 5 –	The		Process
		The second second	
Article 6 –		of Nation	al Government
Article 7 –			Process

### Key Ideas in the Constitution

\*Federalism

\*Separation of Powers

\*Checks and Balances

\*Limited Powers of Government

\*Popular Sovereignty

\*Republicanism

# The Powers of the Federal Government

	Powers – List of specific
	defined in Article 1, Section 8
of the Constitution	
	Powers – Held by both Federal
and State Governme	ents (Like what?)
	Powers – Powers kept by the
states	
	<u>Powers</u> – Powers not
specifically stated, b	out justified by "necessary and
proper" clause	

# Federalists v. Anti-Federalists

## Bill of Rights

- First 10 Amendments to the Constitution.
- Click <u>here</u> to read the Bill of Rights
- After Bill of Rights, Constitution is finally ratified when New Hampshire becomes 9<sup>th</sup> signee, June, 1788.
- North Carolina and Rhode Island are the last two states to sign

### Amending the Constitution

Changing the Constitution is difficult:

- 27 total amendments (including the Bill of Rights)
- US Constitution is considered the world's oldest "working" constitution
- A "living document" that can be interpreted by the Supreme Court and amended, but has largely remained the same since 1787!