The Vietnam Years

Part I

I. Background to Conflict A. Following World War II, ______ attempts to re-establish ______ control of Vietnam B. Vietnamese resist under leadership of Communist C. Eisenhower's government supports France in battle against Vietminh rebels – D. French abandon Vietnam after loss at ______ - 1954 II. US Involvement Begins A. To end conflict officially, US helps draft ______ treaty Divides Vietnam at ______ into North and South
North is controlled by ______ and _____ 3. South is controlled by _____ 4. Elections are promised to reunite country B. US begins providing ______ support to anti-communists in South C. President of ______, Ngo Dinh Diem, cancels promised elections (fearing a victory by Ho) D. Communist ______ in the South – the ______ – begin attacks against Diem's government E. Vietcong supplied from the North via _____ F. Diem is _____; eventually _____ with US approval G. US bombing of North begins; by 1963, JFK has sent in 16,000 military "_____ III. Gulf of Tonkin Incident A. South grows more unstable after Diem's death - Lyndon Johnson fears being perceived as "_____ on Communism" B. August, 1964, US ship ______ by N.Vietnamese patrol boat in _____ C. LB asks for action from Congress D. Passes _____, giving LBJ carte blanche to conduct war against _____ E. Incident is widely believed to have been staged IV. Americanizing the War A. LBJ initiates ______ – sustained ______ of the North B. By June, 1965, _____ US troops in country C. Early on, majority of Americans supported war based on ______ theory D. Key US leaders: I. Sec. of Defense – _____ 2. Sec. of State – _____ 3. General William V. Troop Buildup A. South Vietnamese Army (ARVN) quickly judged incompetent by Westmoreland B. Believed that _____ US troops, South would rapidly _____ C. LBJ and Westmoreland stage massive troop buildup – _____ Americans on ground by D. Belief in victory through superior ______ and sheer ______ of forces will prove incorrect